

Nolan Krell
Ten Compulsory Figures
for guitar
2020

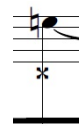
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Performance directions:

This piece uses two notational systems: standard descriptive notation, and tablature (prescriptive) notation.

In the standard notation, the following symbols and abbreviations are employed:

pizz. = palm mute



= when in a stem, this x indicates an attack on the described fret.

String numbers are indicated in circled numbers.

Numbers in boxes indicate the approximate duration of a measure.

Natural harmonics always indicate their fret position and string number.

Right hand positions (from bridge to neck):

mSP = molto sul pont.

SP = sul pont.

PSp = poco sul pont.

ord = ordinario

pst = poco sul tasto

st = sul tasto

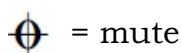
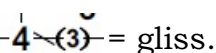
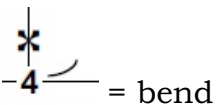
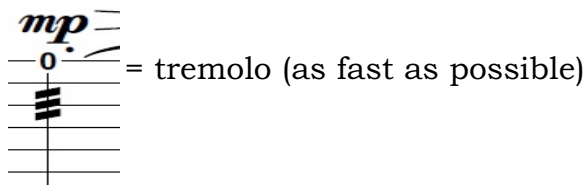
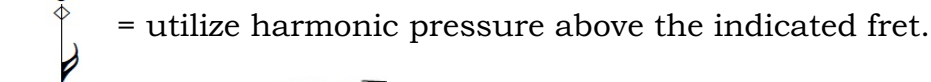
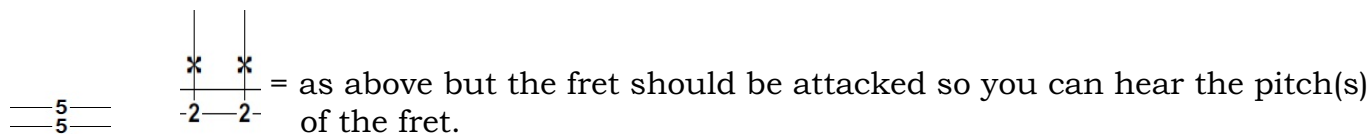
mst = molto sul tasto

In number V, the “bowed pick” technique asked for requires the performer to hold a plectrum on its long side so that the edge makes contact with the string. The performer then strums/bows the pick perpendicular to the string so that there is a tiny, rough, sustained pitch from the instrument.

The tablature notation uses two staves. The top staff represents the right hand and the bottom staff represents the left. Each has six lines indicating the six strings (lowest string on the bottom, highest string on the top). It prescribes which string and which fret to play with little account for the sounding outcome.

There are four kinds of attacks in the tablature system that are delineated by the stems of the notes.

If there is no symbol on the stem, the fret should be pressed silently (as in a normal note). If the fret is 0, the indicated string is plucked.



In number III, the tablature measure is mostly silent. It is prescribed movement with slight deviations which create some sound/noise.

Tuning:

There are 15 possible tunings to use in this piece. Select one to use for all ten movements.



The movements in this piece should never be programmed concurrently. There should always be space between them filled with other works, silence, extreme distance of time, etc.

Total approximate duration of written music: 4'00"

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2020

♩ = 56

7 *f* > *p* < *mp* > *ppp* *pp* < *mf* > *ppp*

8

9:7

rit. → ♩ = 48

I

VI

33:28

I

VI

23:28

f *mf* < *mp* *ff* > *mp* *sf* *f* *p* >

II

♩ = 66

The musical score consists of two staves, I and VI, with various dynamic markings and rhythmic notations.

Staff I:

- Time signature: $\frac{2}{8}$ (initially), $\frac{4}{8}$ (later).
- Tempo: ♩ = 66.
- Dynamic markings: *msp*, *sfz*, *mp*, *pp*, *ord*, *mp*, *mst*, *pp*, *mf*, *p*.
- Rhythmic notations: $11:8$, $5:4$, $21:16$.

Staff VI:

- Dynamic markings: *sfz*, *mf*, *mp*, *f*, *ff*, *p*, *ppp*, *mp*, *p*, *mf*, *ppp*.
- Rhythmic notations: $7:4$, $9:8$, $7:4$, $19:16$, $3:2$.

III

$\text{♩} = 60$

RH only

I

VI

LH: ϕ *pppp*

17:12

13:12

8:6

2

$\text{♩} = 152$

ord.

fff

mf

3:2

6:7

3:2

5:4

3:2

5:4

9

16

5

ff

fff

poco rit.

msp

damp

8:9

3:2

4:3

9

16

3

16

7

16

IV

5"

rasg.
mst

subito ♩ = 48

pst

9:10

l.v.

③ ① ② ④ RH

6

ff

p mp 7:5 p

V

♩ = 112

w/ glass slide
"bowed pick" tremolo sp

① sempre

5

3

4

pppp

pp

LH "strum" with slide,
fast and exact
"st"
RH mute

VI

5"

l.v.
mst

②

ord

♩ = 136

CIII ② ③

l.v.

① ④ ⑤ ⑥

ppp

mf

ff

ppp

VII

$\text{♩} = 46$

mp *sp* *mp* *mf*

pizz *sempre* *ppp* *sempre*

7 7 5 5:6

7:6 7 5 3

2

mp *sempre* *p* *rit.*

7:6 5 3 3

VIII

$\text{♩} = 72$

msp *sp* *pst* *msp* *sp*

1 5 2 2

16 16 16 8

4:3 3 5

7 7 7

ff *mp* *ff* *p* *mf* *pp*

6:5 3 5

7 3

IX

Slow, sustained

sp

① ④ ⑥

pst

sfz *pp*

p *mf*

mp *pp*

noisy, rough, fast

Rapid

ord.

poco vib.

① ④ ⑤ ⑥

mf < *f* *mp* < *f*

X

$\text{♩} = 100$

ord

7

psp

msp

③ ④ ③

ord

ff *p* *mp* *mf* *ff* *mf* *mp*

sp

④ ⑤

pizz. like a plectrum

⑤

non pizz. psp

③ ⑤ ④

st

7

sp

④

ord

CII

mst

① ③

f *mp* *ff* *pp* *ff* *mf* *p* < *mf* > *pp*